SILICONES

5 Strengths of Coating Type 5 Weaknesses of Cure Type • Stable over wide temperature range (in general, **Room Temperature Vulcanization (RTV)** -40 fC to 200 fC)[104 fF to 392 fF] Requires humidity (minimum 20% RH) to cure • Flexible, provides dampening and impact and only intermittent solvent resistance protection Low abrasion resistance Good moisture, humidity, and UV/sunlight Short pot life resistance TCE is \sim 300-350 ppm/fC High dielectric strength If proper house keeping is not followed, there is • Low surface energy to enable effective a potential for cross contamination penetration under components **UV** Cure One component coatings require accurate application material to avoid shadowed areas Potential for cure inhibition Low abrasion resistance UV Intensity and Wavelength affects cure Some secondary cure mechanisms react with moisture, this can cause spray valves to become clogged Catalyzed (Addition) • Low abrasion resistance Potential for cure inhibition

Adhesion may be difficult

Only intermittent solvent resistance

a potential for cross contamination

If proper house keeping is not followed, there is